

Next 4 slides are for teachers

Remainder to be used with students



### Club Accounts











### Lesson Stages

Stage 1

- Introduction to clubs
- Highlight officers
- Profile Treasurer

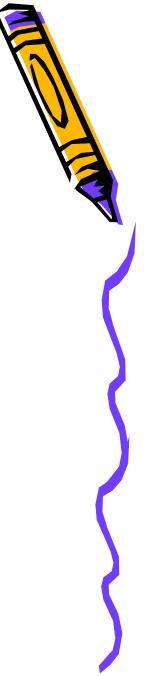
Stage 2

- Literacy building

Stage 3

- Students suggest common items of income & expenditure (receipts/payments)
- What accounts do clubs keep

Baising ladder / steps and stairs for accounts



### Lesson Stages Stage 4 (use excel)

- Accumulated Fund Statement
- Receipts and payments account

Give invoices of relevant receipts/invoices & bank statement

Students to complete R&P and Bar Trading from the receipts/invoices already given. Students will then type into a blank template using excel

#### Bar Trading A/c

- Electricity bill
- Wages (payslip)
- Equipment maintenance / repairs
- Telephone ill
- Stationary
- Competition prizes
- New Computer (FA)
- Bank Statement (interest)

#### Receipts

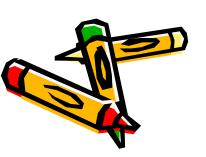
- Subs
- Fees Bar/Restaurant
- Investment income
- Sponsorship
- Grand
- Sale of old lawnmower

### Lesson Stages Stage 5

#### Items left over

- Opening / closing cash
- Purchase / sale of Fixed Assets
- · Grants

Ideally Video clip of current Treasurer (using something like Crazy Talk\*) explaining how to deal with these items.





## Lesson Stages Stage 6

 Given a list of all items, must select from a drop-down box whether each item goes into:

- R&P
- Bar Trading account
- Balance Sheet

#### **Opus**

Free trial version to create this

#### **Hot Potatoes**

Can be downloaded free, there is an option to create a dropdown exercise



 Lesson Stages 5tage 7 Similar to Stage 6, but for fixed Assets, Investments, Current Assets, Creditors, Financed by.



- · Lesson Stages Stage 8
- Complete a Balance Sheet using a given Template.
- · Lesson Stages Stage 9
- Comparison of Club & Business (Venn Diagram / Cross Classification Table)



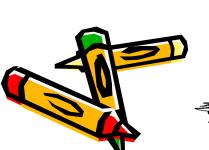
Programs	Resources
Hot Potato	LC Accounting Texts
Crazy Talk	Revision Aids





## Club Accounts









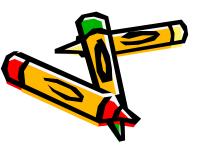




## Stage 2

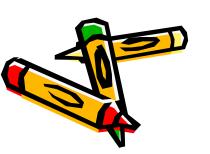
Club

A club is an organisation set up for the benefit of it's members, e.g. Golf club, drama club, GAA club



#### Accumulated Fund

- This is the difference between what the club owns (assets) and owes (liabilities)
- It is similar to the capital of a limited company



# Opening cash/bank balance

- This is the money that the club has in the bank at the start of the club's financial year
- It is the money left over from the previous year



# Closing cash/bank balance

- This is the difference between the total receipts (money entering the club) and total payments (money paid out by the club) at the end of the club's financial year
- The closing cash of one year becomes the opening cash of the following

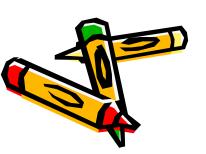
#### Fixed Assets

 A fixed asset is something of value belonging to a club which will remain relatively constant from year to year

• Examples include: clubhouse,

## Entry Fees

 An amount paid by club members or guests who wish to enter a club competition



## Expenses

The costs incurred in running the club

 Examples include: electricity, rent, telephone, stationery, wages







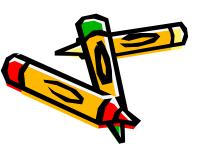
#### Current Assets

- A current asset is something which changes in value from year to year and is either:
  - owned by the club or
  - owed to the club
- Examples include: cash in bank debtors, expenses prepaid



#### Investments

 This is where a club puts money/capital into something with the expectation of a return.



#### Loans

 A loan is an amount of money borrowed from a financial institution which must be repaid with interest





## Life Membership

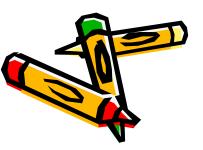
 This is where a club member pays a "once off" fee which entitles them to membership for the rest of their life





### Creditors

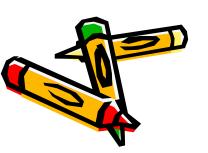
 Are people/businesses we owe money to.



# Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

 Bills/amounts owed by the club which should be paid within a short period eg. weeks/months and/or when incurred.

Other short-term liabilities would include payroll liabilities, short-term loans, the amounts of hire purchase agreements contracts falling due within the next 12-months and so on.



### Excess Income

- Clubs are not set up to make a profit.
   They are provided for the benefit of their members.
- If clubs have money left over after expenses have been paid, this is called "excess income over expenditure" or "excess incor

## Excess expenditure

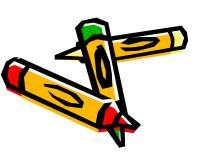
- Similarly, if club's spend more than they have received in income, it is called an "excess expenditure over income" or "excess expenditure" for short
- Although clubs are not set up for the specific purpose of having an excess of income,

an excess of expenditure should generally be avoided!



# Receipts and Payments Account

- This shows all the money coming into the club (each month/each year) and all the money being paid out of the club for the same period
- It includes opening and closing cash balances, the sale and purchase of fixed assets and the receipt of grants



## Bar (restaurant) receipts

- This is all money received by the club bar (or restaurant)
- Also known as bar (restaurant) sales





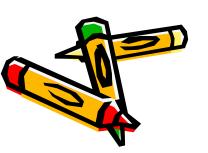
## Sponsorship

 Money paid by a benefactor to support the club. Their logo will normally be placed on the club's team kit to advertise their business



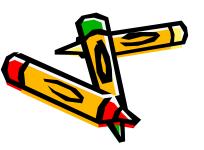
#### Grants

 A sum of money given by an organization, esp. a government, for a particular purpose.



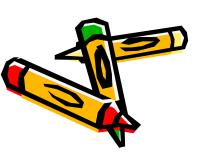
#### Levies

• Is an extra amount of money charged to the members for a specific purpose eg. Extend club house, pay off a debt.



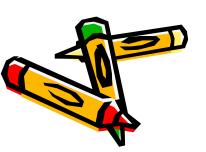
## Sundry Expenses

 Expenses which are very minor/small in nature and which do not warrant a full category (Light & Heat) of their own eg. Cakes for visitor.



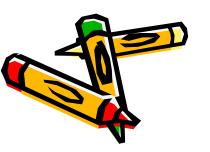
# Subscriptions (due & prepaid)

- Subscriptions due: money <u>owed to the club by</u> <u>members who have received the services</u> of the club. - The club sees them as a Current Asset
- Subscriptions prepaid: money <u>owed by the club to</u>
   <u>members who paid in advance for the services</u> of
   the club. The members have not received the
   service yet The club sees them as a Current
   Liability



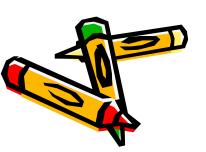
## Depreciation

 Reduction (noncash expense) in the value of an asset due to wear and tear, age, or obsolescence.



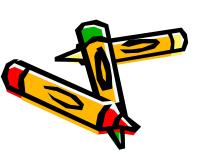
## Competition Fees

 Cost of entry fees for club competitions. This is revenue for the club.



## Competition Prizes

 Cost to club of prizes they have to purchase for competitions.



## Working Capital

Is the difference between Current Assets - Current Liabilities.

It is the cash available for the day-today operations of an club.

